

# Government of Samoa

Ministry of Health





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## **Dengue Fever Outbreak Situation Report in Samoa**

Epi-week 44: 27th October – 02nd November 2025

Issue No. 29

**Date of report:** 06th November 2025 Email: surveillance@health.gov.ws

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## Weekly Summary (27th October – 02nd November 2025)

Number of New Cases	Difference compared to previous week for New cases (%)	Number of new admissions	Difference compared to previous week for New admissions (%)	Number of lab confirmed cases	Difference compared to previous week for lab confirmed cases (%)		Number of Deaths
316	- 1.3%	13	- 19%	50	+ 16.3%	0	0

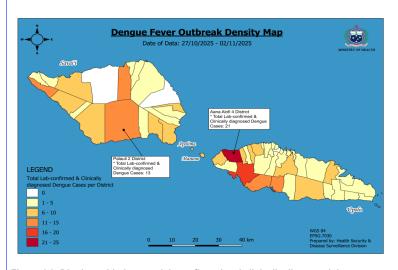


Figure 1.0. Districts with the most lab-confirmed and clinically diagnosed dengue Cases for Upolu and Savaii for the current Epi-Week.

Epi Week 42 (20–26 Oct 2025)	Cases	Epi Week 43 (27 Oct–02 Nov 2025)	Cases	<u>Table 1.0:</u>
Anoamaa 1	32	Aana Alofi 4	21	Top 5 districts with the most number of
Lefaga ma Faleaseela	27	Lefaga ma Faleaseela	17	cases for the previous and current Epi- weeks.
Safata 1	19	Safata 1	14	
Aana Alofi 4	16	Safata 2	13	
Aana Alofi 2	16	Palauli 2	13	

## Summary of the Year to Date (1st January 2025 - Present)

Total Clinically Diagnosed Cases	Total Lab-Confirmed Cases	Confirmed Dengue Virus Serotypes	Age Group Most Affected	Reported Dengue- Related Deaths	Geographic Distribution	Sex Distribution
15,655	4,529	91% DENV-1 9% DENV-2	<15 years (74%)	7 (to date)	64% of cases from Upolu 36% of cases from Savaii	54% Male 46% Female

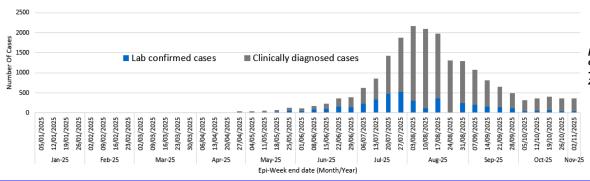


Figure 2.0. Number of clinically diagnosed and lab -confirmed cases, January 2025 to date.

Age Group	0-4 years	5-9 years	10-14 years	15-19 years	20+ years
Cases this Epi Week	17	14	5	3	11
Changes since previous Epi -Week (%)	+31%	+8%	+67%	-200%	-38%
Cases since 1 Jan 2025	605	1396	1377	672	516
Female	271	667	601	307	274
Male	334	729	776	365	242

<u>Table 2.0</u>: Lab confirmed cases by age group for the current Epi-week and cases from January to date.

#### **Control Measures:**

- 1. Community awareness activities were held across villages, led by the Ministry of Women, MNRE, and MOH to promote the Aiga ma Nu'u Manuia Strategy and strengthen local prevention efforts.
- Multimedia outreach continues via TV, radio, and MOH's Face-book page.
- 3. A KAP survey by MOH and UNICEF with 400+ participants (mainly from North West and urban Upolu) showed significantly improved knowledge and awareness of dengue compared to 2024. Perceived risk of dengue severity also increased, highlighting a key opportunity for RCCE to promote protective behaviors

### Recommendation for the public:

- 1. Continue to promote source reduction through environmental clean ups to address mosquito breeding sites
- 2. Wear appropriate clothing to minimize risk of infection
- 3. Use mosquito nets and repellents such as lotion and spray
- 4. If you are affected, watch out for severe symptoms, and seek medical attention immediately. Monitor other people in the household for similar symptoms and present to the hospital for testing and health advice.

#### Case definition

#### ⇒ Clinical case

Acute fever ≥38oC for at least 2 days, AND two or more of the following: Anorexia and nausea; Aches and pains; Rash; Low white blood cell count; Warning signs, including: Abdominal pain or tenderness, Persistent vomiting, Mucosal bleeding, Liver enlargement >2cm below costal margin, Clinical evidence of fluid accumulation, Lethargy, restlessness, Laboratory: increase in hematocrit, rapid decrease in platelet count

#### $\Rightarrow$ Lab-Confirmed case

Isolation of dengue virus or detection of dengue-specific antigen or antibodies in tissue, blood, CSF or other body fluid by an advanced laboratory test

#### When is an outbreak declared over?

An outbreak is declared over when no new **laboratory confirmed cases** are detected within **two incubation periods of the disease** (one incubation period is 14 days). Therefore, a total of 28 days without any new laboratory confirmed cases is required to declare an outbreak over.

- For medical advise, please contact the Ministry of Health on +685 68100 or +685 66600, or visit the nearest hospital
- Dengue situational reports are posted on the MOH Facebook page and MOH website: www.health.gov.ws